



OPENING SESSION





WELCOME

Nadine ZAKHIA-ROZIS,

GenderSMART Project Co-ordinator CIRAD, France











THE EU RESEARCH & INNOVATION PROGRAMME

2021 – 2027

Gender Smart Final Conference 19-10-2022

Athanasia Moungou Policy Officer, Gender Sector D4 – Democracy & European Values DG Research & Innovation

Research and Innovation



Lasting good practices, including:











Sister projects celebrating #IWD2022

On the occassion of the International Women's Day #IWD2022, we celebrated equality along with our...

9 March 2022



GENDER EQUALITY

Policy Context







European Research Area

An **open** space for **knowledge** and growth

ERA Policy Priority since 2012 : Gender equality and gender mainstreaming in research

- Gender equality in scientific careers at all levels
- > Gender balance in decision-making bodies and positions
- Integration of the gender dimension in research and innovation content (sex and gender analysis)

Institutional change

Policy translated into EU funding

- Support to the implementation of Gender Equality Plans (GEPs) in HEIs, research organisations and public bodies since 2011 (FP7 and Horizon 2020)
 - → over 200 organisations supported, through 30 GEP-implementing projects, for a budget over 72 EUR Million



She Figures 2021

PhD women graduates	48.1 %
PhD women graduates Agriculture, forestry, fisheries and veterinary	56.8 %
PhD women graduates Engineering, manufacturing, construction	29.4 %
Women Researchers	32.8 %
Women in grade A positions	26.2 %
Women Heads of Higher Education institutions	23.6 %
Women board leaders	24.5 %
Women board members	31.1 %
Publications with a gender dimension in their R&I content*	1.8 %



- Full Report
- Interactive website incl. MS country fiches
- Policy briefs



^{*} Highest percentage in the Medical & Health sciences; lowest percentage in Engineering & Technology

HORIZON EUROPE

Gender Equality







Gender equality: a strengthened crosscutting priority in Horizon Europe

- Article 7(6) and Recital 53 of <u>Framework Regulation</u>
- Articles 2(2)(e) and 6(3)(e) of the Specific Programme



Gender Equality Plan: Eligibility Criterion



Integration of the gender dimension: Award Criterion



Gender balance: Ranking Criteria – for ex aequo proposals



Key Policy Priorities for Gender Equality in European R&I (2022-2024)

- Enforce and monitor gender equality provisions and requirements in Horizon Europe
- Develop Inclusive Gender Equality Plans and Policies in R&I organisations, in line with the new ERA Policy Agenda (Action 5 - Promote gender equality and foster inclusiveness, taking note of the Ljubljana Declaration), including:
 - Knowledge and practice on intersectional gender equality policies
 - European baseline on gender-based violence in R&I organisations
 - Commitment of RFOs towards the implementation of gender equality principles in assessment procedures and integration of the gender dimension in programmes
- Address the impact of COVID-19 on gender equality in R&I, especially young researchers
- Address the under-representation of women in STEM through a roadmap of activities rolled out in the European Year of Youth, including a STE(A)M Manifesto, in line with the European Strategy For Universities (ES4U)



Roadmap of activities: women in STEM

- Roadmap of activities for addressing women's underrepresentation in STE(A)M
 - EU Prize for Women Innovators: not one but three prizes of EUR 50 000 each in the Rising Innovator Category awarded to the most promising young innovators under 35
 - CORDIS leaflet: Bridging the gender gap in STEM
 - R&I Days 2022: <u>Stream the STE(A)M gender equality 4 studies and careers</u>



- Manifesto for gender-inclusive STEAM education and careers, together with secondary schools, universities, research organisations, and the private sector
- <u>Survey</u> launched on 14/10/2022 : https://ec.europa.eu/eusurvey/runner/STEAM_Manifesto



HORIZON EUROPE

Useful Resources







Gender Equality in R&I policy webpage

Gender equality in research and innovation

Achieving gender equality in research, how it relates to the European Research Area, networks and news.

PAGE CONTENTS

The Commission's gender equality strategy

Gender equality in Horizon Europe

Gender Equality Plans as an eligibility criterion in Horizon Europe

Gender equality in the European Research Area (ERA)

Gender equality and coronavirus

She Figures monitoring report

Networks

Publications

Latest

Related links

The Commission's gender equality strategy

The European Commission is committed to promoting gender equality in research and innovation.

It is part of the European Commission <u>Gender Equality Strategy</u> for 2020-2025, which sets out the Commission's broader commitment to equality across all EU policies.

In addition, the EU has a well-established regulatory framework on gender equality, including binding directives, which apply widely across the labour market including the research sector.





SCAN

https://ec.europa.eu/info/research-and-innovation/strategy/gender-equality-research-and-innovation_en



Thank you!

For questions and further information on gender equality provisions, please contact: RTD-GENDERINRESEARCH@ec.europa.eu

#HorizonEU

http://ec.europa.eu/horizon-europe





ELISABETH CLAVERIE DE SAINT MARTIN (CEO at CIRAD)

CIRAD experience working on gender in EU partnership



KEY NOTE SPEECH

Change of mind and change of heart: Gender Equality Plans as a tool for institutional change

Marcela LINKOVA (ISAS)

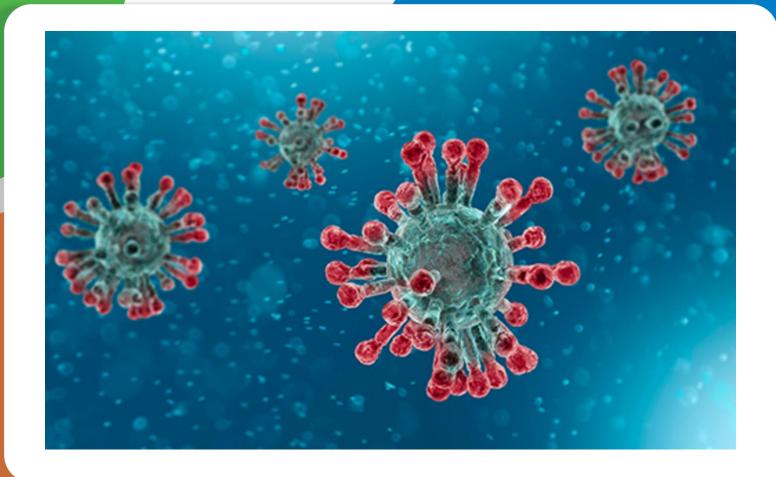


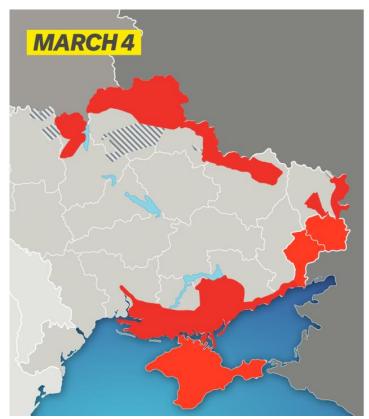
CHANGE OF MIND AND CHANGE OF HEART

GENDER EQUALITY PLANS AS A TOOL FOR INSTITUTIONAL CHANGE

Marcela Linkova – Institute of Sociology, Czech Academy of Sciences *marcela.linkova@soc.cas.cz*









During the lifetime of Gender-SMART, we have come to live in a different world

- EU policy for gender equality in Research & Innovation
 - 2019: danger of backsliding and pushback from some Member States (Linková, Mergaert 2021)
 - 2021: GE confirmed as a priority for the renewed European Research Area
- Institutional change through gender equality plans
 - 2009: EU-funded structural change projects
 - 2021: GEP eligibility criterion in Horizon Europe
 - 4 building blocks
 - 5 thematic areas
 - Commission checks
- Inclusive gender+ equality + Centre of Excellence on Inclusive Gender Equality
- Gender-based violence in research and higher education
 - CZ PRES conference in Nov 2022 to launch ERA Action 5 on GBV: Call for Action

Institutional change in complex systems

- Layering
 - Project GEP
 - National GE / GEP requirements
 - EU GEP requirement
- Sustainability
 - Exogenous influences
 - Institutionalisation
 - Data monitoring
 - Resourcing

Main achievements

- Increased interest in and attention to gender issues overall
- Higher awareness of the staff and other groups
- Better cooperation with stakeholders/services
- More inclusive and gender sensitive communication
- Higher traction of the core team in their institution

Areas of greater advancement

- Leadership commitment
- Expansion of the transformational agent network
- Gender sensitive routines and practices
- Institutionalisation of GE structures

Areas of slower advancement

- Increased capacity to drive institutional change
- Access to gender expertise and expertise in the core team

Key takeaways for driving change

- Top leadership
- Internal stakeholders engagement
- Time intensive

Sustenance and collaboration

Emotions

Self-care

Care for others







ISAS team

Hana Tenglerová Katarína Slezáková Marcela Linková

Resources

Tenglerová, Linková 2020 Mergaert, Cacace, Linkova 2022 Tenglerová 2022

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PANEL 1

The Gender-SMART experience: Institutional change in agriculture and food science



The cross GEP analysis from Gender-SMART project

Katarína Slezáková

Institute of Sociology, Czech Academy of Sciences

Brussels Oct 19th

Gender Smart Final Event

Analyses

Template



- Mandatory building blocks
- Thematic building blocks

Data

 Analyses presented here is only based on GEP themselves, or documents that are closely related such as indicator lists

Point 1: Mandatory Building Blocks

	Partner 1	Partner 2	Partner 3	Partner 4	Partner 5	Partner 6	Partner 7	
1. Public document demonstrating a commitment to gender equality								
a formal document signed by the top management								
disseminated externally								
disseminated within the institution (internally)								
sets clear goals and detailed actions and measures to achieve them								
4. Training and capacity-building								
developing gender competence and tackling unconscious gender bias among staff, leaders and decision-makers								
establishing working groups dedicated to specific topics								
raising awareness through workshops, campaigns and ongoing communication activities								

Point 1: Mandatory Building Blocks

	Partner 1	Partner 2	Partner 3	Partner 4	Partner 5	Partner 6	Partner 7
2. Dedicated resources							
for the design, implementation, and monitoring of the GEP							
<u>may</u> include funding for specific positions such as Equality Officers or Gender Equality Teams							
$\underline{\text{may}}$ include earmarked working time for academic, management and administrative staff							
gender budgeting							
3. Data collection and monitoring							
GEP must be evidence-based and founded on sex or gender- disaggregated baseline data collected across all staff categories (audits)							
data informs the GEP's objectives and targets, indicators, and ongoing evaluation of progress (M&E)							
Annually collecting, analyzing and reporting gender+ segregated data to monitor and evaluate the progress of GE implementation (reports)							

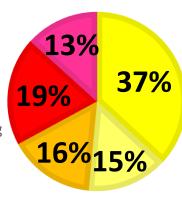
Point 2: Thematic Building Blocks Coverage

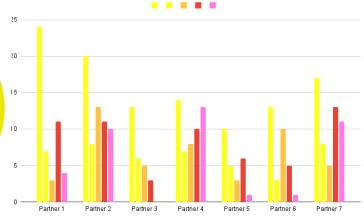
Overal

Per partner



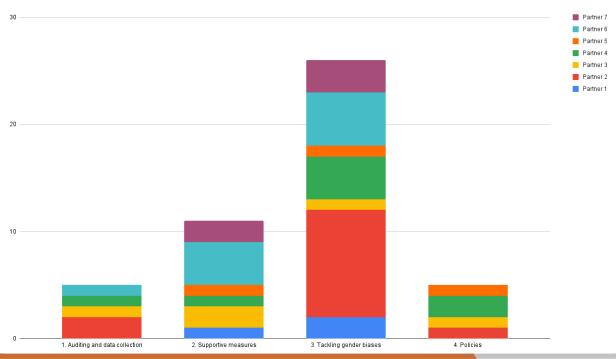
- A) Work-life balance
- B) Gender balance in leadership and decision-making
- C) Recruitment and career progression
- E) Gender-based violence





Point 3: Distribution of Activities within aThematic Building Block

1. Auditing and data collection, 2. Supportive measures, 3. Tackling gender biases a 4. Policies



Point 4: Gender-based violence and sexual harassment

	Partner 1	Partner 2	Partner 3	Partner 4	Partner 5	Partner 6	Partner 7
Auditing and data collection							
Prevention							
Investigation policy for gender based violence							

Summary

- Overall, the most covered thematic area in GEPs is organizational culture
 - In their character, most (from other thematic areas) measures are awareness rising, inclusive language and capacity building
- In follow up plans, attention should be paid to gender based violence and sexual harassment
- Structural changes and implementing new policies (such as affirmative action) are less common – especially relating to topics such as career progression and decision making

Sources

 European Commission, Directorate-General for Research and Innovation, Horizon Europe guidance on gender equality plans, Publications Office of the European Union, 2021, https://data.europa.eu/doi/10.2777/876509





BUILDING A GENDER EQUALITY CULTURE

DEVELOPING GENDER EQUALITY VALUES FOR TEAGASC

Emma Fogarty, GenderSMART Project Co-ordinator Teagasc, the Agriculture and Food Development

gendersmarteu@teagasc.ie

Description of the Good Practice

• Defining Teagasc's core values and behavioural statements

Equal Opportunities

 We will ensure that everyone in Teagasc will have equal opportunities to achieve their potential.

No Barriers

 We will ensure there are no barriers to achieving gender equality within the organisation.

Active Inclusion

 We will actively ensure that all voices in the organisation are heard and that staff are empowered to share their views and ideas.

Development of the Good Practice

- Developed participatory approach to analysing organisational culture
- Internal gender values workshops different techniques used:
 - Storyboards
 - Cultural web exercise
 - Brainstorming
 - Clustering of ideas
 - Voting and ranking
 - Lotus blossom



Facilitating factors

Celebration of IWD 2018

Gender Audit



- Engagement of middle and senior management
- Support of GenderSMART project and partners
- Publication of our Gender Equality Plan



Challenges and strategies to implement actions

• Mobilising key stakeholders – resistance

Communicating our GE values

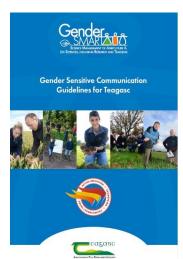
Development of logo

Inclusion in corporate communications & recruitment documentation.



Sustainability

- "Tone from the Top" regular reminders of our GE values by Director & SMG
- Updates to staff on internal communications platform dedicated space for GenderSMART project and progress.
- Prominent display of logo on public website and in recruitment and corporate documents eg Annual Report 2021.
- GE values, actions & progress highlighted by Director at annual Teagasc briefing for members of Government - Oct. 2022.
- Launch of Gender Sensitive Communication Guidelines for Teagasc.









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Cirad Community of Practice for integrating the gender perspective in research content

E. Bouquet, JM. Sourisseau – CIRAD emmanuelle.bouquet@cirad.fr jean-michel.sourisseau@cirad.fr

A Researchers CoP: Principles and Goals

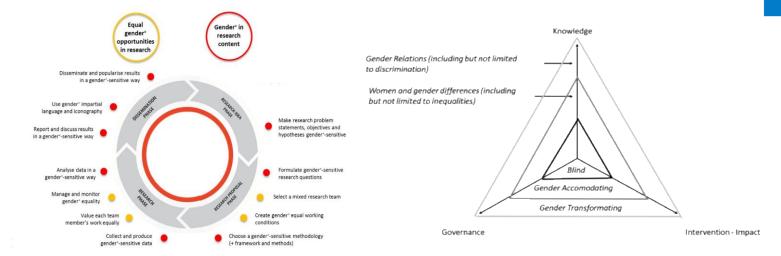
- Moving in a sceptical and self-censored environment
- Gender integration benefits (on academic and impact performances) as a hypothesis
- Starting from CIRAD experiences and from the core business of research units and projects
- A voluntary basis, acknowledging and welcoming diversity
- 2 goals: promoting collective learning and documenting diverse ways of being gender smart

Main achievements

- 70 researchers and support staffs
- 15 workshops
- 12 case studies at project level
- Online resources depository
- Increasing institutional visibility:
 - Invitations to contribute to scientific facilitation meetings of research units and of on going projects
 - Demands from CIRAD support services (eg project design)
- A validation of our starting hypothesis

Facilitating factors: tools and methods

A common analysis framework
 A common reporting framework



Source: EC toolkit, Yellow Windows

Challenges and strategies to implement the CoP

- Staff availability versus time intensivity of the process
- Projects governance (including partnership) cannot be disconnected from research dimensions
- A need for tailormade training and external mentoring

 "If you want to get somewhere else, you must run at least twice as fast as that!" → Sustain the momentum

CIRAD level

Gender's CIRAD's strategy in research ambitions and objectives Top management commitment

Working groups

Transversal integration of gender in CIRAD's strategic documents

Gender integration in CIRAD's 6 priority topics Forward planning of jobs and skills

Enhancing CIRAD's visibility regarding gender

A CoP in gender, with a clear mandate and relevant resources

Research units' level

Gender and sex in units' strategy and facilitation Adapting the "letters of objectives" **Embarking partners**

Projects' level

Adapting Impress tools, gender and impact Embarking partners

Use and adapt existing





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GenderSmart_EU

E. Bouquet, JM. Sourisseau — CIRAD emmanuelle.bouquet@cirad.fr jean-michel.sourisseau@cirad.fr



Gender⁺ Integration into Grant proposal writing

Collaboration and expert training with proposal writers and support officers

Margreet van der Burg – Wageningen University

Margreet.vanderBurg@wur.nl







Integration in activities of support services

- WUR Grant Office: corporate support office between proposal writers - funders, with decentral liaison & tender offices in departments
- WUR: 1/3 of funding through external calls /competition
- Recently strengthened
- With start of Horizon Europe since Sept 2021:
 - How to answer requirement of GEP and integration of gender dimension in excellence criteria?
- → Gender-SMART support



Support by WUR Gender-SMART

With start of Horizon Europe since Sept 2021:

- 1/2 hour in regulare information sessions and ppt available
- Check lists and guides for proposal writers (based on YW research cycle)
- References to trainings and handbooks
- Advice to individual proposal writers
- Analysis: 4 year to WUR granted EU proposals
 → Awareness Meeting with all support officers
- GEP to be secured post-project



Team composition						Dissemination		Abstract			
HE	H-2021	HE	H-2021	HE	H-2021	HE	H-2021	HE	H-2021	HE	H-2021
7	4/5	7	6	1	0	3	3	1	0	5	3
Collaboration						media/language				Not required	
4 Limited	2	4	2	5	4	1	2	6	3	1- still	1- still
Evaluation 3				Gender Expertise					iender ragraph		
1	1			3	2: ombuds & committee			6	5		

Facilitating factors

As mentioned:

- EU Horizon Programme
 - Requirement: GEP (eligibility) and Inclusion of gender dimension
- 1/3 of external funding in WUR → acquisition key
- Grant proposals channeled through specific offices central-decentral
 Also:
- Granted project proposals part of performance assessments



Challenges and strategies to implement actions

- Targeting → Entry point: officer sessions with proposal writers
- Short time → Illustrate basics and key concepts with examples as facilitating further contact, advice, other options
- Analysis → Room for improvement:
 - From variables difference → why and how to tackle: need of meaningful concepts, methods, analysis, impact assessment
 - E.g., tackling bias in concept, cross-analysis, indirect impacts
- Advice and support structure
- Implementation in WUR procedures: modules, criteria, peer-labs



Sustainability

- Integration in existing information sessions
- Availability of guides and check lists at officers'
- Expanding to all research and project proposals
- ➤ Implementation structurally:
 - Advice structure
 - Modules Peer labs PhD training
- ➤ To be complemented with:
 - Expanding evaluation expertise
 - Examples for various fields







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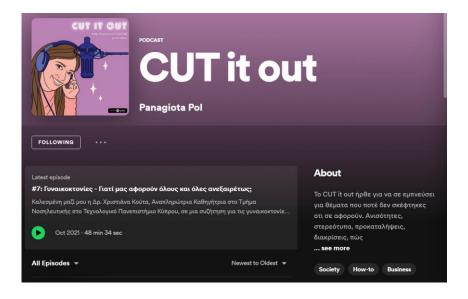
The Awareness activities raised at Cyprus University of Technology

Panayiota Polykarpou Project Manager at Cyprus University panayiota.polykarpou@cut.ac.cy

Good Practices Overview

Radio Show at the CUT's Radio Station:
 "CUT it out – How to CUT sterotypes and biases out of your life"







Η επιστήμη είναι γένους θηλυκού

Διεθνής Ημέρα Γυναικών και Κοριτσιών στην Επιστήμη







Interview with Audrey SERN...

69 views • 7 months ago

Πνόμαστε μέρος της παγκόσμιας προσπάθειας νια να εμπνεύσουμε τη συμμετοχή περισσότερων γυναικών και κοριτσιών στην επιστήμη. παρουσιάζοντας μερικές από τις γυναίκες επιστήμονες που διαπρέπουν με την ερευνητική τους δράση στο Τεχνολονικό Πανεπιστήμιο Κύπρου.

Γιατί στην επιστήμη δεν χωράνε διακρίσεις.

Δεν υπάρχουν ανδρικά και γυναικεία επαγγέλματα. Υπάρχει μόνο θέληση να ανακαλύψεις τον κόσμο γύρω σου. Και όλα τα κορίτσια και γυναίκες πρέπει να γινόμαστε παράδειγμα και κίνητρο για μία κοινωνία χωρίς έμφυλους διαχωρισμούς. "

" Στην επιστήμη δεν χωράνε διακρίσεις.

Μαρία Κοσμά

Υποψήφια Διδάκτωρ

Η Μαρία μελετά τον εντοπισμό του μικροβιώματος της μέλισσας της Κύπρου και την ανάδειξη της πιθανής προβιοτικής και ωφέλιμης δράσης του στην υγεία των μελισσών.



Gender ...



International Day of Women and

engaged with forearch & innovation

provident compared

Encourage Glidete S delicits to become









Interview with Carmen...

8 views • 7 months ago





International Day of Women and

Encourage (Notine & delibés to become

engaged with Separch & innovation

STATE OF THE PARTY.

13 views • 7 months ago

24 views • 7 months ago

Facilitating factors

- Active participation from the Community of the University in particular students.
- Highly engaged audience
- Informal approach for awareness of the topic (over a discussion, reading articles, interviewing experts)
- Wider dissemination actions (Spotify and other platforms)
- Promotion of internal expertise and change-makers

Sustainability

- A series activities focused on awareness are now incorporated in the revised Equality Plan (2022-2024) under the Pillar "Building and Inclusive Culture".
- Inclusive standards and language use at the shows
- Promotion of topics related to social responsibility, presented by the students





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COFFEE BREAK

The session will resume in 20 minutes







PANEL 2

Sustainable Impact on institutionalising Gender Equality



Institutionalising Gender Equality at CICYTEX

A legally guaranteed process of institutional change

Carmen González Ramos – CICYTEX

Email: dirección.cicytex@juntaex.es

Description of the Good Practice



Key factors:

- Global approach designed, used, monitored and evaluated by the project.
- Guaranteed by Spanish legislation in similar terms

Examples to highlight:

- Inclusive communication.
- Zero tolerance towards any sexual harassment or harassment based on sex

Facilitating factors

- Spanish gender equality context and regulations and specially:
 - 1. Act 3/2007 for the effective equality of women and men (Equality Law):
 - Three main areas of intervention: principles, employment, work-life balance, and parity (40/60).
 - Principle of mainstreaming in public policies
 - GEPs as a tool for the implementation of the principles and policies in the Entities
 - 2. Act 901/2020, regulating gender equality plans
 - GEPs in Spain have the same legal status as a labour agreement.
- GenderSMART project:
 - Driving force behind the process (mainly in terms of capacity building, time demands and mutual learning)
 - Technical partners and others have also been key in facilitating the process.
- Determined commitment of Top Management (CICYTEX governing Board and Government of Extremadura), trade unions and other stakeholders (Science and Innovation National Ministry, Female associations, etc...)

Challenges and strategies to implement actions

CICYTEX GEP includes **66 measures** to be implemented over four years (2022-25)

Main challenges:

- Institutional commitment of CICYTEX Directorate with gender equality in all its research institutes:
 - · Compliance with Spanish legislation and signed GEP
 - CICYTEX's Statutes and Programme Contract with the Government of Extremadura
 - The European Human Resources Strategy for Researchers HRS4R (application in process)
- Zero tolerance towards any sexual harassment or harassment based on sex:
 - Protocol in place as of 1 January 2022.
- Incorporate resources within the CICYTEX organisation to apply the **gender perspective in** its scientific **research and innovation activities**.
- To make the work of **women at CICYTEX visible** in order to disseminate their contributions to the science:
 - Manual of inclusive language and communication to ensure this type of communication.

Sustainability

The sustainability of the institutionalization process is ensured by:

External factors:

• Requirements at both the European and national level for RPOs are not only for the competition for funds and calls for proposals, but also for legislative compliance and policy design.

Internal factors:

- Equality Commission (legally collegial body created on March 2020): CICYTEX, the regional Women's Institute, the Regional Ministry with competences on human resources and the main significant trade unions.
- **Budget line for the coming years** in the Regional Budget Law of the Govern of Extremadura where the CICYTEX budget is included once GenderSMART project ends.
- · Gender Equality Unit and a Gender Officer.

And unfortunately, despite the progress that has been made, there is still a **need to** make further progress towards real and effective equality of opportunity between women and men.





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CIHEAM Bari: Good Practices to steer the change

Maroun El Moujabber – CIHEAM Bari elmoujabber@iamb.it



CIHEAM Bari and Gender-SMART Project



About CIHEAM:



Founded in 1962



13 Member States



1 GENERAL SECRETARIAT in Paris

4 MEDITERRANEAN AGRONOMIC INSTITUTES

(**Bari**, Chania, Montpellier, Zaragoza)



4 Years

1 Gender equality plan (GEP)



Institutional transformation through the involvement of Key Stakeholders

HR at CIHEAM Bari:



82 Employees



150 Non-permanent Staff

Stakeholders involved in the Project:



34 KEY STAKEHOLDERS involved in the GEP actions



5 FOCAL POINTS

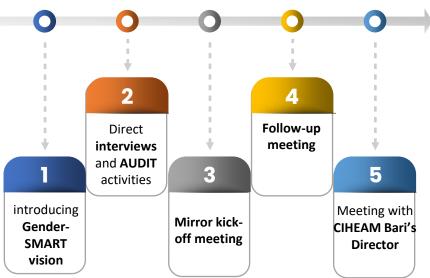
(Administration, Communication, Education, Management, Research)





Institutional transformation through the involvement of Key Stakeholders

Steps for the stakeholders involvement:



Results:

- Several training and capacity building activities
- 2. Various communication channels aimed at reaching the different stakeholders

Remarks:

- An inclusive and transparent process engages more people and reduces resistance
- A greater number of individuals involved in the efforts creates more ownership, enhances commitment, and helps ensure sustainability



FROM CIHEAM Bari to CORPORATE

The **Gender-SMART Core Team** reached out to other staff members from **CIHEAM headquarters and Institutes** to encourage them to design their tailored GEPs and undertake a pathway towards change for a joint engagement in a gender flagship initiative.

Results:

The four institutes and the Headquarters have now their custom **GEPs** elaborated and published in their websites

Corporate commitment for gender equality:



ACTION ONE

Dissemination document Elaborate a document to disseminate CIHEAM's gender-sensitive culture and commitment to gender equality.



ACTION FOUR

Corporate communication campaigns Run corporate communication campaigns on gender.



ACTION TWO

Guidelines on inclusive language Publish guidelines on the use of inclusive language (for English, French, Italian, Spanish).



ACTION FIVE

Seminars on gender mainstreaming Run corporate communication campaigns on gender.



ACTION THREE

Annual corporate gender report

Draw up an annual corporate gender report based on sex-disaggregated data.



ACTION SIX

Monitoring and evaluation of GEP Share relevant indicators for monitoring and evaluation of GEP's actions in common areas of interest.





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An evaluation criterion dedicated to the integration of sex and/or gender dimension in research content

Since AAPG 2022

Laurence Guyard- ANR

Laurence.guyard@agencerecherche.fr

Description of the Good Practice

 The integration of sex and/or gender in research content as an evaluation criterion of research projects submitted in respons of a call launched by ANR.

Facilitating factors

- A favorable national legal context
 - Public institutions had to implement a gender equality plan no later than March 31, 2021.
 - RPOs and RFOs had to include had to include a dedicated axis to the integration of sex and/or gender dimension in research content in their plan.
- A very driving European context
- A convinced and supportive CEO

Challenges and strategies to implement actions

- ANR did not want to introduce this new evaluation criterion suddenly and therefore carried out two test phases on the generic call for proposals opened to all scientific fields in order to:
 - Raise awareness among the scientific communities
 - Identify the level of understanding and knowledge on the subject
- ANR organised with Cirad a conference on Gender in research on december 15, 2020.
 - There were 500 participants from all scientific fields
 - Committee chairs had been invited to participate in the round tables
- ANR organizes training on gender for its staff but also for committee chairs

Sustainability

- The sex and/or gender dimension in research content is now an evaluation criterion and it will remain so.
- But the experience shows that scientists are very far from understanding even in fields were it should be obvious.
- It is necessary to strengthen training and develop educational tools to support researchers





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 ${\sf GenderSmart_EU}$



CLOSING SPEECH

Elena SCHUBERT

Women in Agriculture and Rural Areas



GENDER – SMART Final Dissemination Event 19. October 2022

Women in Agriculture and Rural Areas

Elena Schubert, European Commission, AGRI/B3, AGRI Deputy Equality Coordinator

Content

- Commission's holistic approach towards gender equality
- Key challenges of women in agriculture and rural areas overview of the statistical data and indicators, references to the main drivers of inequalities
- B. Commission's response to the challenges
- Success stories of EAFRD funding

1.Commission's <u>holistic</u> approach towards gender equality

- First ever Commissioner for Equality Helena Dalli
- Equality Task Force the network of Equality Coordinators representing all Commission services => mainstreaming of equality and non-discrimination into all EU policies and funding
- Gender Equality Commission's top priority => GENDER EQUALITY STRATEGY 2020-2025

1.1. Gender Equality Strategy 2020-2025

KEY OBJECTIVES:

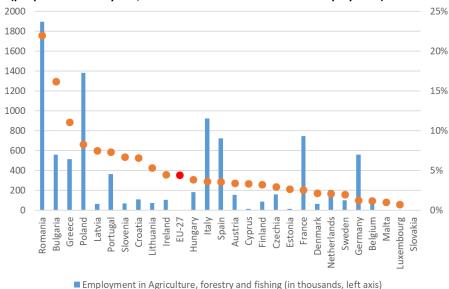
- Ending gender-based violence
- Challenging gender stereotypes
- Closing gender gaps in the labour market
- Achieving equal participation of women across all different sectors of the economy including agriculture and rural development
- Addressing the gender pay and pension gaps; closing the gender care gap and achieving gender balance in decision-making and in politics.

2. Gender inequalities in agriculture and rural areas – <u>statistical data and indicators</u>

- ➤ AGRI action in the field of gender equality feeds into the Commission's overall policy and objectives which are defined in the Gender Equality Strategy and are anchored in the EU legislation (Article 2 and 3 of the Treaty on the European Union
- AGRI focus gender equality in agriculture sector and rural areas
- ➤ The indicators reveal ample gaps between women and men in agriculture sector and between rural women and rural men. This concerns a number of areas such employment, education and training and income.

2.1. Agriculture sector - employment

Employment in Agriculture, forestry and fishing in 2021 (people from 15-64 years; in thousands and as share of total employment)



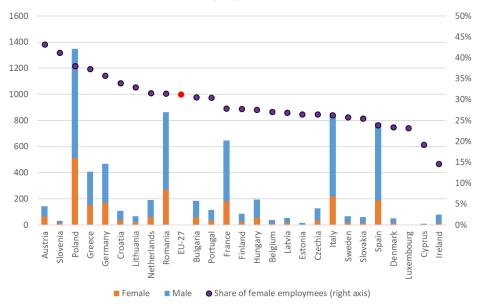
Across most EU Member States, employment in Agriculture, forestry and fisheries accounts for less than 5% of total employment. The highest share of labour workforce in agriculture has Romania, the lowest is Luxembourg.

Share of total employment in the country (right axis)



2.2. Agriculture sector – employment by sex

Employment in Agriculture, forestry and fishing in 2021 (by sex; people from 15-64 years; in thousands and share of female employees from total of the sector)





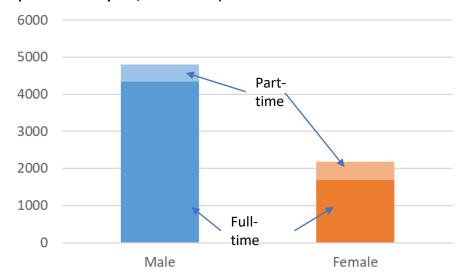
Across the EU, women represent some 30% of the total workforce in Agriculture, forestry and fisheries. Austria has the most balanced share of agriculture employees when it comes to sex. 40% of agriculture workforce are women in AT. In IE only 15% of agriculture workforce are women.

Source: Eurostat 2022 (LFSQ_EGAN2)



2.3. Agriculture sector - Employment – full-time and part-time

Employment in Agriculture, forestry and fishing in 2021 (EU-27; by sex and time regime; people from 15-64 years; in thousands)



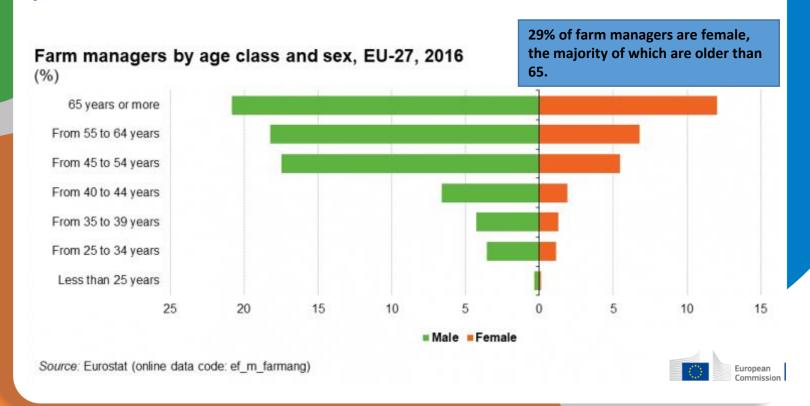
23% of female employees in Agriculture, forestry and fisheries work part-time (Share of part-time for male employees in this sector: 10% of all)

(Share of female part-time employees across all economic sectors: 29%)

Source: Eurostat 2022 (LFSQ_EPGAN2)

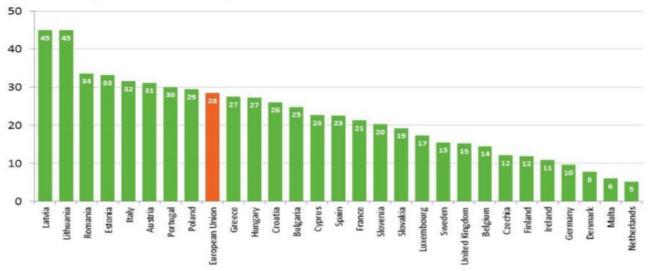


2.4. Agriculture sector - Farm managers by sex and age



2.5. Agriculture sector – female farm managers



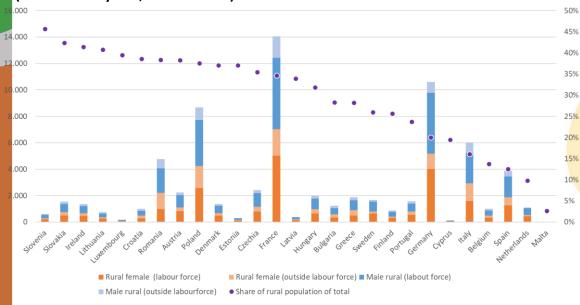


Source: Eurostat



2.6. Rural areas – Active Rural Population

Active rural population in 2021 and share of total population (from 15 – 64 years; in thousands)



EU-27:

34.9 million female + 36.7 million male

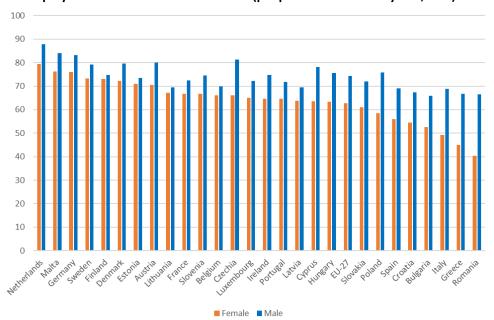
25% of EU active population is rural; 12% of EU active population are rural women



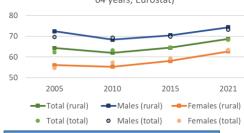
Source: Eurostat 2022 (LFST_R_PGAUWSN)

2.7. Rural areas - Employment rate

Employment rate in rural areas in 2021 (people between 15-64 years; in %)



Employment rates (2005-2021, EU-27, from 15-64 years, Eurostat)



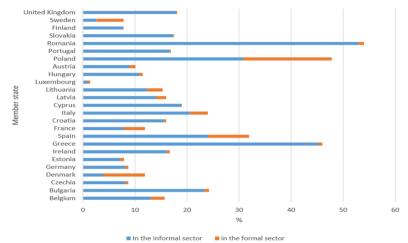
The employment rates have been increasing in recent years.

However, the employment rate of rural women is consistently lower than for rural men. NL has the highest employment rate for rural women at ca. 80%. Romanian rural women are only employed at 40%.

Source: Eurostat 2022 (LFST_R_ERGAU)

2.8. Rural areas – Informal Employment

Figure 4: Share of informal employment in total employment in rural areas of the EU



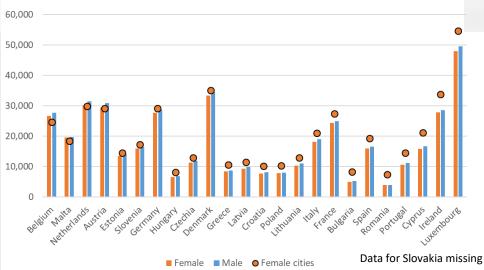
The share of informal employment in rural areas is disproportionally higher than in the formal sector.

Source: ILO, 2018: pages 91-96

Source: ILO, 2018, pages 91-96

2.9. Rural areas - Income

Mean equalized net income in rural areas in 2021 (by sex; in €)

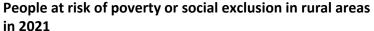


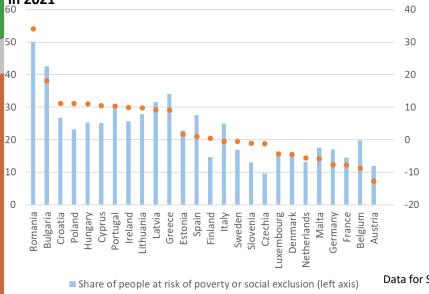


Income for rural women is lower than for rural men in all Member States. In the majority of MSs the income for women in cities is higher than the income of rural women.

Source: Eurostat 2022 (ILC_DI17)

2.10. Rural areas - risk of poverty





In roughly half of the EU Member States, the risk for poverty is greater rural areas than in cities.

Data for Slovakia missing

difference to cities (in ppt) (right axis)

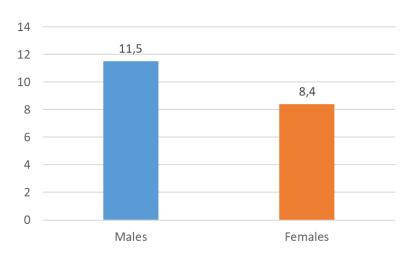
Source: Eurostat 2022 (SDG_01_10A)

2.11. Rural areas – Education/training



Early leavers from education or training in rural areas in 2021

(EU-27; 18-24 years; in percentage of all)

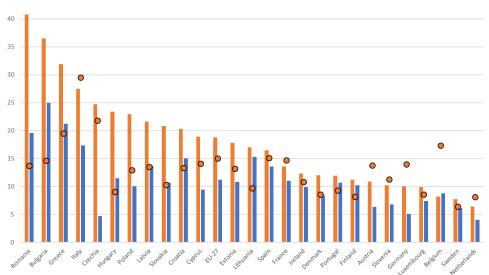


Rural women leave less often training/education than men.

Source: Eurostat 2022 (EDAT_LFSE_30)

2.12. Rural areas – young people neither employed nor in education

Young people neither in employment nor in education and training in rural areas (and cities) in 2021 (15-34 years, by sex)



Young women in rural areas are more often neither employed or in training than young men in rural areas.

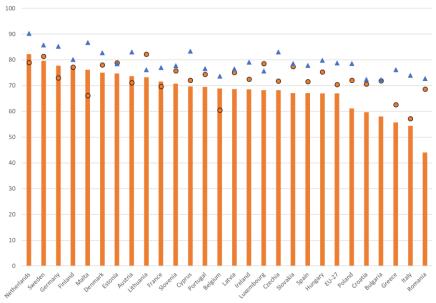
However, in some EU Member States the rates for young women is even higher in cities.

Source: Eurostat 2022 (EDAT_LFSE_29)

■ Female ■ Male ● Female (cities)

2.13. Rural areas - Activity rate

Activity rate of rural women vs. rural men and cities' women in 2021 (15-64 years, by sex)



In all MSs rural men have higher activity rate than rural women. In the majority of MSs cities' women have higher activity rate than rural women.

Source: Eurostat 2022 (LFST_R_AREDNU)

2.14. Agriculture and rural areas – summary of women challenges

- Less than 30% of EU's farm managers are women and their farms are smaller than of their male counterparts;
- ➤Only 30% of women work in agriculture sector;
- ➤ Women are more likely than men to work in the informal economy and on part time basis, however, their participation through the informal rural economy is not statistically recognized;
- ➤ Rural women have lower income than rural men in all EU Member States
- Due to the structural deficiencies of local labour markets, women (mostly highly-qualified) outmigrate from rural areas at a higher rate than men.

3.Commission's action against women inequalities in agriculture and rural areas

- ➤ For the first time in the history of CAP specific objective number 8 that refers explicitly to women by promoting gender equality, including the participation of women in farming.
 - ➤ CAP funds, European Social Fund+, the European Regional Development Fund and Recovery and Resilience Facility support:
 - ➤Investments into infrastructure and services enablers of social inclusion of women;
 - ➤ Provision of incentives for local employment opportunities for women;
 - Enhanced support and incentives for female farmers
 - >Improving the access to loans for women for entrepreneurial activities;
 - > Empowering women in decision making
- ➤ Enhanced monitoring of gender equality implementation gender budgeting a methodology to measure the relevant expenditure at programme level in the MEE 2021-2027

3.1. Commission's action against women inequalities in agriculture and rural areas

- **➤ Long Term Vision of Rural Areas**
 - Through Flagship initiative called 'Social resilience and Women in rural areas' the supports for women will be provided to entrepreneurship, participation in decision-making and investments in work-life balance services, such as early childhood education and care, as well as services for older people.
- ➤ Mainstreaming of the needs of women in agriculture and rural areas into the various relevant Commission's files including regional policy, social policy, demography and ageing policy, energy policy, educational policy etc.

3.2. Commission's action against women inequalities in agriculture and rural areas

- ➤ Social conditionality the historic step towards ensuring better workers' conditions in agriculture sector.
- ➤ With the introduction of social conditionality into the CAP there is an added incentive for farmers to respect the rules relating to working conditions of agriculture workforce. Farmers who do not respect workers' rights will be faced by the serious reductions of CAP payments.
- ➤ The social conditionality legislation will enhance workers' rights independently from their origin or working contract this will be a great win for women equality.

4. Success stories – EAFRD funding



CZ female farmer becomes one of the largest goat milk producers thanks to EAFRD funding

 https://enrd.ec.europa.eu/projectspractice/michaela-hlubkova-dairyfarm-start en

4.1. Success stories –EAFRD funding



Three rural women in Romania start a successful patisserie

 https://enrd.ec.europa.eu/projects-practice/upscalingconfectionary-and-patisserie-workshop-rural-romania en



4.2. Success stories – EAFRD funding



LT village women create successful organic goodies brand

 https://enrd.ec.europa.eu/projectspractice/"goodies-village"-lithuania en



Thank you



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Thanking Words

Nadine ZAKHIA-ROZIS,
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CIRAD, France

LUNCH BREAK 13:00 - 14:00



